Wake-Up Wizard

This exercise introduces the “wizard-of-oz” technique for rapid prototyping*. A human “behind the curtain” plays the role of computer: presenting to and responding to a test user. The technique was introduced in the days of teletype dialogs where commands were typed by the user and responses typed by the “computer”. The advantages are more open-ended collection of user stereotypes and improvisational evolution of interface designs.

Design an automated voice-response system for use in hotels to provide a wake-up service. The service should allow the guest to:

1. Set wake-up time. E.g. “Give me a wake-up call at 7:30 tomorrow morning.”
2. Adjust wake-up time. E.g. “Change that to 6:30.”
3. Cancel wake-up. E.g. “Cancel that.”

1. Design a small card to be placed on the phone in the guest's room.
2. Prepare a dialog tree showing what responses are to be given by the “wizard”.
3. Try your “Wake-up Wizard” on at least two “users”, adapting where necessary.

Start with a simple design and see how it works. What assumptions are made about voice recognition? What happens if the Wizard doesn’t “understand” a query? How do you set the user’s expectations? Collect ideas for other services that might be added to the minimum three above.

Reflect on advantages and disadvantages of the WOz technique. Are your designs realistic? Could they be implemented? How dependent are your results on the range of people tested? As your designs evolved, did the “users” get better at challenging them? Are your “users” satisfied?